PURAVIS® Glass Optical Fibers

Eco-friendly High Performance Glass Optical Fibers

SCHOTT is setting new standards for illumination fiber optics with PURAVIS[®] premium quality glass optical fibers. For the high purity optical glasses SCHOTT utilizes its unique manufacturing capabilities.

Features:

- Step-index Multimode Fiber for Illumination Applications with visible Light.
- High Purity Optical Glass without lead, arsenic or antimony.
- Different fiber types offer aperture angles of up to 70°, 85° and 120°, depending on fiber diameter, length and wavelength.

Advantages:

- Premium transmission.
- Excellent color rendering with low discoloration even for longer length.
- Transmission of white light which provides a more realistic appearance of the illuminated objects.
- Long term-use is ensured by significantly improved chemical stability as well as low solarization sensitivity.



Technical Data

				GOF70	GOF85	GOF120	
Numerical Aperture Theoretical Value at 587 nm		0.55	0.64	0.86			
Typical Aperture Angles 2α Wavelength V(λ)-Filter				50 μm 1 m length: ~ 71° 5 m length: ~ 65°	50 μm 1 m length: ~ 85° 5 m length: ~ 81°	30μm 1 m length: ~ 116° 5 m length: ~ 104°	
Optical Attenuation Measured according to DIN 58141 Part 1 with a single fiber diameter of 70 μm		at 450 nm ≤ 550 dB/km at 553 nm ≤ 250 dB/km	at 450 nm ≤ 500 dB/km at 553 nm ≤ 280 dB/km	at 550 nm ≤ 500 dB/km at 640 nm ≤ 500 dB/km			
Correlated Color Temperature (CCT)	CIE Standard Illuminant	"A" (2856 K)	1m	2862 K	2856 K	2828 K	
			3m	2874 K	2848 K	2791 K	
			5m	2883 K	2842 K	2761 K	
			1m	6313 K	6275 K	6038 K	
			3m	6033 K	5917 K	5487 K	
			5m	5800 K	5655 K	5065 K	

Temperature Stability		
Static Applications (fibers only, may be limited by lubricant, epoxy resins or sheathing materials)	-20°C to 200°C / - 4 F to 392 F	
End Surface with high Temp. Epoxy	Up to 200°C / 392 F	
End Surface Hot-fused	Up to 400°C / 752 F	

Single Fiber Diameter	30 μm, 50 μm, 70 μm (Tol. ± 4 μm)		
Lubricant	PURAVIS [®] Glass Optical Fibers are available with SCHOTTs new versatile lubricant L10 .		
Compliance	ROHS compliant without exemption		
Biocompatability	Cytotoxicity tested according to DIN/ISO 10993-5		



Version 06/202

Optical Properties of PURAVIS®

Transmission

10%

0%

300

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500

(Measured according to DIN 58 141 Part 2)

1.100



..... GOF85-50µm-5m

900

700

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500

10%

0%

300

1.100

Wavelength / nm



900

1.100

Wavelength / nm

•••• GOF85-30µm-5m

700

Optical Properties of PURAVIS®

Transmission

(Measured according to DIN 58 141 Part 2)



GOF120: Wide angle fiber for illumination of larger areas



Transmission

Transmission of a fiber bundle depends on

- the intrinsic attenuation of the core glass,
- packing fraction of fibers,
- · core/clad ratio,
- quality of end surface polish,
- · Fresnel reflections at the end surfaces and
- length of the fiber bundle.

The displayed transmission curves represent **SCHOTT's typical manufacturing level** for fiber bundles with PURAVIS[®] fibers with 30 and 50 μ m fiber diameter. The curves for 50 μ m also represent the transmission level for 70 μ m fibers, due to the same core/clad ratio.

Solarization

The intrinsic attenuation of the PURAVIS[®] core glass materials can increase by induced attenuation due to photo-oxidation and other effects by short wavelength radiation.

Degree of Solarization depends on

- Wavelength (UV >> 400 nm > 450 nm)
- · Power density and length
- · Coherency (Laser light sources have stronger effects).

Solarization effects are partly reversible by temperature and time.

Depending on intensity levels and respective spectra each light source/fiber set-up must be tested individually.

Please contact your SCHOTT sales representative for further details.



Numerical Aperture / Acceptance Angle

(Measured according to DIN 58 141 Part 3)



SCHOTT glass made of ideas

Long Term Stability of PURAVIS® – Chemical Stability

Core and cladding glasses have high chemical resistance classes, which ensure long-term stability over lifetime under repeated	Chemical Resistance Classes	GOF70	GOF85	GOF120
reprocessing cycles.	Acid resistance class SR (acc. to ISO 8424:1996)	1.0	1.0	1.2
 Sample Preparation Samples: Fiber bundle Ø2,4 mm , length 100 mm, bonded into stain-less steel tube 	Alkali resistance class AR (acc. to ISO 10629:1996)	1.0	1.0	1.0
 Prior to each measurement: Cleaning of end surface with with 5% V/V acetic acid Rel. transmission measured according to DIN 58 141 Part 2; Aperture of light beam: NA 0.1 	Climatic resistance class CR (acc. to proposed standard ISO/WD13384)	1.0	1.0	1.0
Measurement wavelength: $\lambda = 535$ nm	Stain resistance class: FR	0	0	0



autoclave.



GOF70 and GOF85 show no decrease during block cycles in the thermal disinfector and slight decrease in the

The GOF120 shows no decrease in the autoclave and a significant decrease in the thermal disinfector with citric acid as a neutralizer.

Tests of the GOF120 with different neutralization agents in thermal disinfector cleaning alternating with autoclaving show only a slight decrease when neutralized with deionized water.

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Long Term Stability of PURAVIS® – Mechanical Stability

PURAVIS[®] Glass Optical Fibers feature high mechanical stability enabling high flexibility and very small bending radii.

Loop bending tests of single fibers according to DIN 58 141- 6 show an average diameter of 1.0 mm before breakage for short term bends.

For long-term (permanent) bends in static applications the graph to the right shows the recommended bending angles depending on bundle diameter for 30 μm and 50 μm fiber diameter.

Applications, which combine small bending radii in combination with frequent movements (torsion or drag chain movements) require specific designs and individual testing.

Please contact your SCHOTT Sales representative for further information.

In addition to the mechanical design constraints optical losses at small bending radii need to be considered.

The Graph shows a simulation of intensity losses as a function of the bending radii for PURAVIS[®] fibers under the assumption that the Numerical Aperture is fully illuminated. Simulation wavelength 587 nm.







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