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# D 263® T eco

Revision date:

Print date:

28.11.2022	Revision No:	1,1
03.04.2025	Replaces version:	1,0

# Safety Data Sheet

according to 29 CFR 1910.1200(g)

1. Identification	
Product identifier D 263® T eco	
Further trade names none	
REACH-Registration status	: This substance is exempted according to REACH Article 2 (7) and Annex V.
Substance name: CAS No:	specialty glass, chemical, oxide 65997-17-3
Recommended use of the chemic	cal and restrictions on use
Use of the substance/mixture Glass. Reserved for industr	
Uses advised against	
Do not use for private purpo	oses (household).
Details of the supplier of the safe	ety data sheet
Company name:	SCHOTT AG
Street:	Hüttenstr. 1
Place:	D-31073 Grünenplan
Telephone:	+49 (0)5187 / 771-0
Contact person:	Dr. Andreas Helmstedt
e-mail:	andreas.helmstedt@schott.com
Internet:	www.schott.com
Responsible Department:	Site Home Tech Grünenplan:
	Telefon: +49 (0)5187 / 771 831
Emergency phone number:	Not applicable. The product is not classified as hazardous.
2. Hazard(s) identification	
Classification of the chemical	

# 29 CFR Part 1910.1200

This substance is not classified as hazardous in accordance with Regulation 29 CFR 1910.1200(d).

# Label elements

# Additional advice on labelling

GHS label elements, including precautionary statements: none

### Hazards not otherwise classified

This substance does not meet the criteria for classification as PBT or vPvB. In case of inhalation (particulates and dust): Irritation to respiratory tract. A repeated, excessive dust exposure can cause pneumoconiosis. After eye contact (particulates and dust): Do not subject to friction. Risk of serious damage to eyes.

#### 3. Composition/information on ingredients

#### **Substances**



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#### **Chemical characterization**

specialty glass, chemical, oxide CAS No.: 65997-17-3 EC No.: 701-387-5

As the substance glass is not included in the candidate list of substances of very high concern, currently there are no information duties according to article 33 of REACH. However for the production of glass we may use substances, which are on the candidate list and had been included in Annex XIV of the REACH regulation or could be included in future. These powdery substances are not present as such in the final glass; they are fully integrated into the glass matrix through the melting process. Thus they lose their original characteristics. With unintended use, some of these substances may be released from the matrix and become bioavailable.

The main components of the glass batch are listed as additional information in chapter 16.

#### Hazardous components

none (according to 29 CFR 1910.1200(g))

#### **Further Information**

Substance is complex UVCB.

Composition of mixture according to raw materials, based on the oxides.: SECTION 16: Other information

#### 4. First-aid measures

#### **Description of first aid measures**

#### **General information**

When in doubt or if symptoms are observed, get medical advice.

#### After inhalation

particulates and dust: Provide fresh air. When in doubt or if symptoms are observed, get medical advice.

#### After contact with skin

particulates and dust: In case of skin reactions, consult a physician.

#### After contact with eyes

particulates and dust: Rinse immediately carefully and thoroughly with eye-bath or water. In case of eye irritation consult an ophthalmologist.

#### After ingestion

particulates and dust: Get medical advice/attention.

### Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

In case of inhalation (particulates and dust):

Irritation to respiratory tract. A repeated, excessive dust exposure can cause pneumoconiosis. After eye contact (particulates and dust): Do not subject to friction. Risk of serious damage to eyes.

#### Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Treat symptomatically.

### 5. Fire-fighting measures

#### Extinguishing media

# Suitable extinguishing media

Co-ordinate fire-fighting measures to the fire surroundings.

#### Specific hazards arising from the chemical

The product itself does not burn. In case of fire may be liberated: Metal oxide smoke, toxic

# Special protective equipment and precautions for fire-fighters

Wear a self-contained breathing apparatus and chemical protective clothing. Full protection suit.



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#### Additional information

Knock down dust with water spray jet. Collect contaminated fire extinguishing water separately. Do not allow entering drains or surface water.

#### 6. Accidental release measures

### Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

#### General advice

Provide adequate ventilation. Use personal protection equipment. Avoid dust formation. Do not breathe dust.

#### For non-emergency personnel

Use personal protection equipment.

#### For emergency responders

Use personal protection equipment.

#### **Environmental precautions**

Do not allow to enter into surface water or drains. Do not allow to enter into soil/subsoil.

#### Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

#### For containment

Measures to prevent aerosol and dust generation

#### For cleaning up

Take up mechanically. Do not subject to friction. Treat the recovered material as prescribed in the section on waste disposal.

#### Other information

Clean contaminated articles and floor according to the environmental legislation.

#### Reference to other sections

Safe handling: see section 7 Personal protection equipment (PPE): see section 8 Disposal: see section 13

## 7. Handling and storage

### Precautions for safe handling

#### Advice on safe handling

Provide adequate ventilation. Use personal protection equipment. Avoid dust formation. Do not breathe dust.

#### Advice on protection against fire and explosion

Usual measures for fire prevention.

#### Advice on general occupational hygiene

Take off contaminated clothing. Wash hands before breaks and after work. When using do not eat or drink. Avoid dust formation. Do not breathe dust. Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothes.

#### Further information on handling

No information available.

#### Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

#### Requirements for storage rooms and vessels

Provide adequate ventilation. Store in a dry place.

#### Hints on joint storage

Do not store together with: Strong acid, hydrofluoric acid, phosphoric and phosphorous acid, Alkali (lye), concentrated

#### Further information on storage conditions

Protect from moisture.



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# 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

#### **Control parameters**

#### **Exposure limits**

CAS No	Substance	ppm	mg/m³	f/cc	Category	Origin
-	Particles (insoluble or poorly soluble) not otherwise specified (inhalable fraction)		10		TWA (8 h)	ACGIH-2022
-	Particles (insoluble or poorly soluble) not otherwise specified (respirable fraction)		3		TWA (8 h)	ACGIH-2022
-	Particulates not Otherwise regulated (PNOR) Respirable fraction	529.5 mp/m <sup>3</sup>	5		TWA (8 h)	PEL
-	Particulates not Otherwise regulated (PNOR) Total dust	1765 mp/m³	15		TWA (8 h)	PEL

### Exposure controls



### Appropriate engineering controls

Provide adequate ventilation as well as local exhaustion at critical locations. Technical measures and the application of suitable work processes have priority over personal protection equipment.

### Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

#### Eye/face protection

Wear eye/face protection.

#### Hand protection

Wear suitable gloves. (cut-resistant)

#### Skin protection

Wear suitable protective clothing. Disposal of contaminated protective clothing separately, do not reuse.

#### **Respiratory protection**

In case of inadequate ventilation wear respiratory protection.

#### Thermal hazards

In case of melting: Wear protective gloves/protective clothing. (heat-resistant)

#### **Environmental exposure controls**

Do not allow to enter into surface water or drains.

#### 9. Physical and chemical properties

#### Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state:	solid
Color:	No information available.
Odor:	odorless
Odour threshold:	not determined

### Changes in the physical state

Melting point/freezing point: Boiling point or initial boiling point and boiling range: **Test method** 

not determined not determined



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glass transition temperature:	557 °C	ISO 7884-8
Flash point:	not applicable	
Flammability Solid/liquid: Gas:	not applicable not applicable	
Lower explosion limits:	not applicable	
Upper explosion limits:	not applicable	
Auto-ignition temperature:	not applicable	
Decomposition temperature:	> 557 °C	
pH-Value:	8,7	OECD 122
Viscosity / kinematic:	not applicable (solid)	
Water solubility:	not applicable	
Solubility in other solvents Fat: not applicable		
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water:	The substance is not soluble in water.	
Vapor pressure:	up to Tg no significant vapor pressure is to be expected	
Density:	2,5 g/cm <sup>3</sup>	
Relative vapour density: Particle characteristics:	not applicable not determined	
Other information	not determined	
Other safety characteristics		
softening point: 736 °C		
10. Stability and reactivity		
Reactivity No hazardous reaction when handle	ed and stored according to provisions.	
<u>Chemical stability</u>		
Stability:	Stable	
The product is stable under storage	at normal ambient temperatures.	
Possibility of hazardous reactions		
Hazardous reactions:	Will not occur	
Reacts with: Strong acid, hydrofluor	ic acid, phosphoric and phosphorous acid, Alkali (lye), o	concentrated
<u>Conditions to avoid</u> Humidity Temperature > glass transition temp	perature (Formation of: Metal oxide smoke, toxic)	
Incompatible materials Strong acid, hydrofluoric acid, phos	phoric and phosphorous acid, Alkali (lye), concentrated	
<u>Hazardous decomposition products</u> Metal oxide smoke, toxic (Tempera	ture > glass transition temperature)	
11. Toxicological information		



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## Route(s) of Entry

oral, dermal, inhalative, Eye contact

#### Information on toxicological effects

#### Acute toxicity

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

The toxicological potential of glasses results from the bioavailability of individual components when used improperly. This is determined by the bioaccessibility test according to Fraunhofer. It is a leaching method of the material performed in 5 artificial body fluids.

Acute oral toxicity: no bioaccessibility detected

Acute dermal toxicity: no bioaccessibility detected

Acute inhalation toxicity: no bioaccessibility detected

#### Irritation and corrosivity

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

#### Sensitizing effects

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

#### Carcinogenic/mutagenic/toxic effects for reproduction

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met. diboron trioxide (Reproductive toxicant 1B) Leaching-amount < 0,1 weight-% CMR effects (carcinogenicity, mutagenicity and toxicity for reproduction): no classification

#### Specific target organ toxicity (STOT) - single exposure

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

#### Specific target organ toxicity (STOT) - repeated exposure

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

#### Aspiration hazard

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

### Information on other hazards

#### Endocrine disrupting properties

No information available.

#### Other information

In case of inhalation (particulates and dust): Irritation to respiratory tract. A repeated, excessive dust exposure can cause pneumoconiosis.

#### 12. Ecological information

#### **Ecotoxicity**

The ecotoxicological effect of glasses is determined by the ecological accessability of hazardous substances that can be released under environmental conditions from the glass matrix. For characterization, the test from the German landfill regulation (Dep-VO) is used. In the evaluation, the leachable hazardous substance content, in relation to the total amount of the per se non-hazardous glass, is treated as a standard mixture proportion and classified accordingly.

Result / Evaluation: The product is not: Ecotoxic.

# Persistence and degradability

Inorganic product which is not eliminable from water through biological cleaning processes. The methods for determining the biological degradability are not applicable to inorganic substances.

# **Bioaccumulative potential**

No information available.



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#### Mobility in soil

No information available.

# Endocrine disrupting properties

This substance does not have endocrine disrupting properties with respect to non-target organisms.

#### Other adverse effects

No information available.

#### **Further information**

Avoid release to the environment.

#### 13. Disposal considerations

# Waste treatment methods

#### **Disposal recommendations**

Do not allow to enter into surface water or drains. Neither the product nor the residues from the processing. Dispose of waste according to applicable legislation.

### Contaminated packaging

Dispose of waste according to applicable legislation.

#### 14. Transport information

#### U.S. DOT 49 CFR 172.101 No dangerous good in sense of this transport regulation. Proper shipping name: Marine transport (IMDG) UN number or ID number: No dangerous good in sense of this transport regulation. No dangerous good in sense of this transport regulation. UN proper shipping name: Transport hazard class(es): No dangerous good in sense of this transport regulation. No dangerous good in sense of this transport regulation. Packing group: Air transport (ICAO-TI/IATA-DGR) No dangerous good in sense of this transport regulation. UN number or ID number: UN proper shipping name: No dangerous good in sense of this transport regulation. Transport hazard class(es): No dangerous good in sense of this transport regulation. No dangerous good in sense of this transport regulation. Packing group: **Environmental hazards** ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS: No Special precautions for user No information available. Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

not relevant

## 15. Regulatory information

#### **U.S. Regulations**

#### National Inventory TSCA

CAS No.: 65997-17-3, specialty glass, chemical, oxide: Yes.

# State Regulations

#### Safe Drinking Water and Toxic Enforcement Act of 1986 (Proposition 65, State of California)

This product can not expose you to chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer, birth defects or other reproductive harm.



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Hazardous Materials Information	n Label (HMIS)	
Health:	0	
Flammability:	0	
Physical Hazard:	0	
NFPA Hazard Ratings		
Health:	0	
Flammability:	0	
Reactivity:	0	$\mathbf{\nabla}$
Unique Hazard:		$\checkmark$
Changes		
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This data sheet contains cha	ges from the previous version in section	on(s): 1,2,11,15,16.
Abbreviations and acronyms		
	of Governmental Industrial Hygienist	s
CFR: Code of Federal Regul		
DOT: Department of Transpo		
ICAO: International Civil Avia		
IMDG: International Maritime		
IATA: International Air Trans	ort Association	
IARC: International Agency f	r Research on Cancer	
GHS: Globally Harmonized S	stem of Classification and Labelling o	of Chemicals
CAS: Chemical Abstracts Se		
NFPA: National Fire Protection		
NTP: National Toxicology Pro	-	
OSHA: Occupational Safety		
PEL: permissible exposure li		
REL: recommended exposur		
SARA: Superfund Amendme		
STEL: Short-term exposure I		
TSCA: Toxic Substances Co TWA: time-weighted average	II OI ACL	
TI: Technical Instructions		
DGR: Dangerous Goods Re	lations	
UN: United Nations		
ATE: Acute toxicity estimate		
LC50: Lethal concentration, s	0%	
LD50: Lethal dose, 50%	-	
LL50: Lethal loading, 50%		
EL50: Effect loading, 50%		
EC50: Effective Concentration	ı 50%	
ErC50: Effective Concentrati	n 50%, growth rate	
NOEC: No Observed Effect (	oncentration	
BCF: Bio-concentration facto		
MARPOL: International Conv	ention for the Prevention of Marine Pol	Ilution from Ships
IBC: Intermediate Bulk Conta	ner	
VOC: Volatile Organic Comp		



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#### Other data

Composition of mixture according to raw materials, based on the oxides.:

Substance name: SILICON DIOXIDE CAS No.: 7631-86-9 Weight fraction: 60-70 % SVHC substance .: No. CMR effects (carcinogenicity, mutagenicity and toxicity for reproduction): No. Substance name: ALUMINIUM OXIDE CAS No.: 1344-28-1 Weight fraction: < 6 % SVHC substance .: No. CMR effects (carcinogenicity, mutagenicity and toxicity for reproduction): No. Substance name: BORON TRIOXIDE CAS No.: 1303-86-2 Weight fraction: 6-11 % SVHC substance .: Yes. CMR effects (carcinogenicity, mutagenicity and toxicity for reproduction): Yes. (Reproductive toxicant 1B) Substance name: SODIUM OXIDE CAS No.: 1313-59-3 Weight fraction: 4-9 % SVHC substance .: No. CMR effects (carcinogenicity, mutagenicity and toxicity for reproduction): No. Substance name: POTASSIUM OXIDE CAS No.: 12136-45-7 Weight fraction: 4-9 % SVHC substance .: No. CMR effects (carcinogenicity, mutagenicity and toxicity for reproduction): No. Substance name: ZINC OXIDE

CAS No.: 1314-13-2 Weight fraction: 3-8 % SVHC substance.: No. CMR effects (carcinogenicity, mutagenicity and toxicity for reproduction): No.

Substance name: TITANIUM DIOXIDE CAS No.: 13463-67-7 Weight fraction: < 6 % SVHC substance.: No. CMR effects (carcinogenicity, mutagenicity and toxicity for reproduction): No. (Nanoform: Carcinogenicity 2, inhalative)

Substance name: SELENIUM DIOXIDE CAS No.: 7446-08-4 Weight fraction: < 1 SVHC substance.: No. CMR effects (carcinogenicity, mutagenicity and toxicity for reproduction): No.

Occupational exposure limit values, air limit values, Biological limit values: For further specification, refer to section 8 of the SDS.



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The information is based on the present level of our knowledge. It does not, however, give assurance of product properties and establishes no contract legal rights. The receiver of our product is singularly responsible for adhering to existing laws and regulations.